webbox

Tools for developers, designers and content creators...



Assessment of the Carbon Footprint for Webbox.dev

This report provides a detailed analysis of the carbon footprint produced by website visits to webbox.dev. The data is provided in a manner that can be easily understood by a non-technical audience. It also includes suggestions for further improvements and best practices in website optimization.

Website Performance & Environmental Efficiency

The total size of the page is 147.55 KB, ranking it better than 95% of other websites scanned for environmental efficiency! Its performance score stands at an impressive 98%. Based on these metrics, the overall grade assigned to webbox.dev is A+. This means that webbox.dev has excellent performance and efficiency compared to most other websites.

Emission Details per View

• Each view produces an estimated 0.03g of CO2.

• In terms of volume, each visit results in production of approximately 0.016L of CO2.

Cumulative Emission Impact

If we estimate ~1,000,000 visits per year, this would mean that webbox.dev produces as much CO2 as approximately 0.006 cars annually. To put it another way, it would take about 1.02 million pageviews to produce an amount of CO2 equivalent to the weight of a labrador dog.

If we consider ~10,000 visits per month, it would take approximately 0.14 trees annually to offset the CO2 production from webbox.dev.

Hosting & Sustainability

Webbox.dev is hosted by Cloudflare, Inc., on a server that runs on sustainable energy. This demonstrates a commitment to green hosting and sustainability.

Website Optimization Best Practices

Website optimization involves making changes to your website so it can perform better and rank higher in search engine results pages. It's important for enhancing user experience and improving website performance. Here are some general best practices:

- **Minimize HTTP requests:** Most of a webpage's load time is spent downloading different parts of the page, like images, stylesheets, and scripts.
- **Reduce server response time:** Your target should be a server response time of less than 200ms (milliseconds).
- Enable compression: Large pages (which are often 100kb and more) are slower to download. The best way to speed their load time is by zipping them—a technique called compression.
- Enable browser caching: When you visit a website, the elements on the page you visit are stored on your hard drive in a cache, or temporary storage. Enabling caching can make your site load faster for repeat visitors.